All individuals with a diagnosis of a GYN malignancy should undergo consultation with a Gynecologic Oncologist for discussion of treatment options. Co-management or care by generalist Ob/Gyn, Radiation Oncologist, Medical Oncologist or other physician should be discussed and approved by Gyn Oncology and it is recommended that such discussion is documented.

**Referral Guidelines by tissue site diagnosis**

1. Vulva - Confirmed diagnosis of invasive carcinoma
2. Vagina - Confirmed diagnosis of invasive carcinoma
3. Cervix - Confirmed diagnosis of invasive or microinvasive carcinoma
4. Endometrium – Confirmed diagnosis of invasive carcinoma
   
   Confirmed diagnosis of atypical hyperplasia (High predisposition for existing invasive carcinoma*)
5. Ovary – Confirmed diagnosis of invasive carcinoma

   Pelvic mass and/or high clinical suspicion for malignancy (Also see separate Pelvic Mass Referral Guidelines)

*Referral of any patients that in the treating physician’s discretion are in need of Gynecologic Oncology consultation is encouraged.*

Pelvic Mass Referral Guidelines

Clinical tools for evaluation:

Physical Examination
- Fixed or nodular pelvic mass
- Symptoms concerning for malignancy

Imaging
- Ultrasound to evaluate complexity
- Presence of free fluid

Tumor markers
- CA-125
- AFP, HCG, LDH may be useful in premenopausal women with a suspicious mass
- Use of other markers (HE4, OVA1) may be used but are not required

SGO and ACOG Referral Guidelines

Premenopausal Women (<50 years old)
- CA-125 greater than 200 U/ml
- Ascites
- Abdominal or distant metastases
- Family history of breast or ovarian cancer in a first degree relative *

Postmenopausal Women (≥50 years old)
- CA-125 greater than 35 U/ml
- Ascites
- Nodular or fixed pelvic mass
- Abdominal or distant metastases
- Family history for breast or ovarian cancer in a first degree relative *

*Not a strong correlation when the only criterion for referral. Use clinical judgement.

Referral of any patients that in the treating physician’s discretion are in need of Gynecologic Oncology consultation is encouraged.