The Plan to Achieve Self-Support, or PASS, is a Social Security work incentive that allows a person with a disability to set aside income and/or resources to reach an employment goal within a specified period of time.

It is expected by the completion of a PASS, a person will significantly decrease reliance on government benefits.

Who is eligible to use a PASS?
You may be eligible for PASS if you:
• Have a specific work goal
• Are a recipient of Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and have other income to set aside, or
• Are an SSDI beneficiary who can become eligible for SSI
• Want to reduce your dependence on SSI or intend for your Title II (SSDI, CDB, or DWB) check to stop by the end of a PASS

What can be purchased with PASS funds?
Funds set aside for PASS can be used to obtain many items/services in order for you to reach your employment goal. Popular examples include:
• Equipment needed to perform a job
• Computers
• Medical equipment
• Vehicles, or the cost of transportation
• Education and training

Of course, these are just a few examples and any reasonable request will be considered.

For a PASS to be approved, it must:
• Be submitted in writing using the appropriate application (SSA Form # SSA-545-BK)
• Show how money/resources will be used and where it will be kept
• Have a specific work goal determined feasible by Social Security, and a timeframe for accomplishing the goal
• Include a business plan and 2-3 years of income projections if the goal is self-employment

What makes a good PASS?
• It has a clear employment goal which the individual has a reasonable chance of achieving
• The plan is organized and steps taken are clearly identified
• Expenses are necessary & reasonable
• The final goal is employment

A Community Work Incentives Coordinator (CWIC) from Maine Medical Center Department of Vocational Services can help you learn more about PASS.

For More Information Or to Request Services Please Contact:

Maine Medical Center
MaineHealth

Benefits Counseling Services
Dept. of Vocational Services
22 Bramhall Street
Portland, ME 04102-3175
Toll-free in ME: 1-888-208-8700
Maine Relay Services Dial 711
Fax: 207-662-6789

www.benefitsandworkinme.org
John receives SSI and works part-time at a store, but what he really wants to do is drive a truck. Without PASS, his SSI check is being reduced:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job:</th>
<th>$885</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Income Disregard:</td>
<td>-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earned Income Disregard:</td>
<td>-65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Countable Income:</td>
<td>$800</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>One-Half Disregard:</td>
<td>÷2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New SSI:</td>
<td>$400</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Old SSI: $783
Countable Income: -400
New SSI: $383

SSI: $383
Job: +885
Total Income: $1,268

John writes a PASS to pay for truck driving school, and he uses his income from working at the store to fund the PASS. His SSI goes back up to $783 even though he’s still earning $885 at his retail job:

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<td>÷2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASS:</td>
<td>-400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>New Countable Income:</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SSI: $783
Job: +885
Total Income: $1,668

($400 goes to PASS, $1,256 for personal use)

Nancy receives SSDI and SSI.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SSDI:</th>
<th>$520</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Income Disregard:</td>
<td>-20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Countable Income:</td>
<td>$500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maximum SSI: $783
Countable Income: -500
SSI: $283

SSDI: $520
SSI: +283
Total Income: $803

Nancy is starting a business as a freelance computer programmer. She has worked with the Small Business Administration to develop a business plan and three years of financial projections. She submits these along with a PASS application to Social Security. Her SSI is now increased to $783, and she uses her SSDI to fund the PASS:

<table>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General Income Disregard:</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Countable Income:</td>
<td>$500</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PASS: -500
New Countable Income: $0

SSI: $783
SSDI: $520
Total Income: $1,303

($500 goes to PASS, $803 for personal use)

After a while, Nancy has enough customers that her Net Earnings from Self-Employment (NESE) is considered Substantial Gainful Activity (SGA). Once her trial work period and cessation month are over, her SSDI check stops, but her business profit is more than what SSDI pays.

IMPORTANT: The following examples are for educational purposes only. Your PASS would be specific to your goals. For more information on the SSI calculation itself, see our fact sheet titled “How Work Impacts SSI”