

RECOMMENDED ANTIBIOTIC THERAPY

(Adapted from nationally published guidelines and/or the Sanford Guide to Antimicrobial Therapy)

All doses are for patients with normal renal function. For information on dosing in patients with renal dysfunction, please see “Antibiotic Dosage Treatment Table”

Suspected Source	First Line Antibiotics	Alternative Antibiotics	Alternative for Penicillin Allergic Patients
Pneumonia – Community Acquired in ICU (Patient not at risk for <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>*)	Azithromycin 500mg IV (over 1 hour) every 24 hours <u>plus</u> Ceftriaxone 1g IV (over 30 min) every 24 hours	Moxifloxacin † 400mg IV (over 1 hour) every 24 hours <u>plus</u> Ceftriaxone 1g IV (over 30 min) every 24 hours	Nonformulary -Aztreonam 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours <u>plus</u> Moxifloxacin † 400mg IV (over 1 hour) every 24 hours
Pneumonia – Community Acquired in ICU (Patient at risk for <i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i>*)	Cefepime 1-2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8-12 hours <u>plus</u> Tobramycin 5-7mg/kg IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours <u>plus</u> Azithromycin 500mg IV (over 1 hour) every 24 hours	Piperacillin/tazobactam 3.375g IV (over 30 minutes) every 4-6 hours <u>plus</u> Tobramycin 5-7mg/kg IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours <u>plus</u> Azithromycin 500mg IV (over 1 hour) every 24 hours	Nonformulary -Aztreonam 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours <u>plus</u> Tobramycin 5-7mg/kg IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours <u>plus</u> Azithromycin 500mg IV (over 1 hour) every 24 hours
Pneumonia – Healthcare Associated/Ventilator Acquired in ICU (No known risk factors for multi-drug resistant pathogens†)	Ceftriaxone 1g IV (over 30 min) every 24 hours or Moxifloxacin † 400mg IV (over 1 hour) every 24 hours	Ampicillin/sulbactam 3g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours or Ertapenem 1g IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours	N/A
Pneumonia – Healthcare Associated/Ventilator Acquired in ICU (With known risk factors for multi-drug resistant pathogens†)	Cefepime 1-2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8-12 hours <u>plus</u> Tobramycin 5-7mg/kg IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours <u>plus</u> Vancomycin 15mg/kg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours	Piperacillin/tazobactam 3.375g IV (over 30 minutes) every 4-6 hours <u>plus</u> Tobramycin 5-7mg/kg IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours <u>plus</u> Vancomycin 15mg/kg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours	Nonformulary -Aztreonam 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours <u>plus</u> Tobramycin 5-7mg/kg IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours <u>plus</u> Vancomycin 15mg/kg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours

* Risk factors for *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*: (1) structural lung disease (i.e. bronchiectasis) (2) broad-spectrum antibiotic therapy lasting greater than 7 days within the past month (3) alcoholism (4) chronic steroid therapy consisting of greater than 10mg of prednisone daily or equivalent

†Moxifloxacin should be avoided, or used with caution, in patients equal to or greater than 65 years of age with electrolyte abnormalities, known cardiovascular compromise or receiving other medications that may prolong the QTc interval

+ Risk factors for multi-drug resistant pathogens: (1) antimicrobial therapy in the preceding 90 days (2) Current hospitalization of 5 days or more (3) High frequency of antibiotic resistance in the community or specific hospital unit (4) Presence of risk factors for HCAP: [(a) Hospitalization of 2 days or more in the preceding 90 days (b) Residence in a nursing home or extended care facility (c) Home infusion therapy (d) Chronic dialysis (e) Home wound care (f) Family member with multi-drug resistant pathogen] (5) Immunosuppressive disease and/or therapy

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Suspected Source	First Line Antibiotics	Alternative Antibiotics	Alternative for Penicillin Allergic Patients
Urinary Tract Infection	Ciprofloxacin 400mg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours or Ampicillin 1g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6-8 hours plus Gentamycin 1mg/kg IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours or Ceftriaxone 1g IV (over 30 min) every 24 hours	Ampicillin/sulbactam 1.5g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours or Ertapenem 1g IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours	N/A
Complicated Urinary Tract Infection/Indwelling Urinary Catheter	Ampicillin 1g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6-8 hours plus Gentamycin 1mg/kg IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours or Cefepime 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours	Ampicillin/sulbactam 1.5-3g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours or Piperacillin/tazobactam 3.375g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours	N/A
Intraabdominal Infection – Mild to moderate infection	Ampicillin/sulbactam 1.5-3g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours or Ertapenem 1g IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours	Cefazolin 1g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours plus Metronidazole 500mg IV (over 1 hour) every 8 hours or Ciprofloxacin 400mg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours plus Metronidazole 500mg IV (over 1 hour) every 8 hours	N/A
Intraabdominal Infection – High severity infection	Piperacillin/tazobactam 3.375g IV (over 30 minutes) every 4-6 hours Or Imnipenem/cilastin 500mg IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours	Cefepime 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8-12 hours plus Metronidazole 500mg IV (over 1 hour) every 8 hours	Nonformulary -Aztreonam 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours plus Metronidazole 500mg IV (over 1 hour) every 8 hours
Indwelling Line Sepsis – Immunocompetent Host	Vancomycin 15mg/kg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours	Linezolid 600mg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours (only for vancomycin hypersensitivity or intolerance)	N/A

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Suspected Source	First Line Antibiotics	Alternative Antibiotics	Alternative for Penicillin Allergic Patients
Skin or Soft Tissue Infection – Cellulitis	Penicillin G 2-4 million units IV (over 30 minutes) every 4-6 hours or Nafcillin 1-2g IV (over 30 minutes – 1 hour) every 4 hours	Ampicillin/sulbactam 1.5-3g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours or Clindamycin 600mg IV (over 1 hour) every 8 hours or Doxycycline 100mg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours	N/A
Skin or Soft Tissue Infection – Cellulitis with diabetes, decubitus, venous stasis or arterial insufficiency ulcers	Ampicillin/sulbactam 1.5-3g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours or Piperacillin/tazobactam 3.375g IV (over 30 minutes) every 4-6 hours or Ertapenem 1g IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours	Imipenem/cilastin 500mg IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours	Vancomycin 15mg/kg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours
Skin or Soft Tissue Infection – Incisional surgical site infection –Intestinal or genital tract	Ampicillin/sulbactam 1.5-3g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours or Piperacillin/tazobactam 3.375g IV (over 30 minutes) every 4-6 hours or Ertapenem 1g IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours	N/A	Nonformulary -Aztreonam 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours
Skin or Soft Tissue Infection – Incisional surgical site infection –Nonintestinal – Trunk and extremities	Cefazolin 1g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours or Ciprofloxacin 400mg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours	N/A	N/A
Skin or Soft Tissue Infection – Incisional surgical site infection –Axillary or perineum	Ampicillin/sulbactam 1.5-3g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours or Ertapenem 1g IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours	N/A	Nonformulary -Aztreonam 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours
Skin or Soft Tissue Infection – Necrotizing infection of the skin, fascia and muscle (including Fournier Gangrene and Gas Gangrene)	Piperacillin/tazobactam 3.375g IV (over 30 minutes) every 4-6 hours plus Clindamycin 600-900mg IV (over 1 hour) every 8 hours plus Ciprofloxacin 400mg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours or Ampicillin/sulbactam 1.5-3g IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours plus Clindamycin 600-900mg IV (over 1 hour) every 8 hours plus Ciprofloxacin 400mg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours	Imipenem/cilastin 500mg IV (over 30 minutes) every 6 hours or Ertapenem 1g IV (over 30 minutes) every 24 hours	Omit beta-lactam for penicillin allergic patients. May substitute an aminoglycoside for Ciprofloxacin.
Skin or Soft Tissue Infection – Necrotizing infection of the skin, fascia and muscle (including Fournier Gangrene and Gas Gangrene)- Clostridium infection	Clindamycin 600-900mg IV (over 1 hour) every 8 hours or Penicillin G 2-4 million units IV (over 30 minutes) every 4-6 hours	N/A	N/A

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Suspected Source	First Line Antibiotics	Alternative Antibiotics	Alternative for Penicillin Allergic Patients
Meningitis – 1-50 years of age	Ceftriaxone 2g IV (over 30 min) every 12 hours <u>plus</u> Vancomycin 15mg/kg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours <u>plus</u> Dexamethasone	Nonformulary – Meropenem 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours <u>plus</u> Vancomycin 15mg/kg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours <u>plus</u> Dexamethasone	N/A
Meningitis – Greater than 50 years of age or alcoholic	Ampicillin 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 4 hours <u>plus</u> Ceftriaxone 2g IV (over 30 min) every 12 hours <u>plus</u> Vancomycin 15mg/kg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours <u>plus</u> Dexamethasone	Nonformulary – Meropenem 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours <u>plus</u> Vancomycin 15mg/kg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours <u>plus</u> Dexamethasone	N/A
Meningitis – Device related or post neurosurgery	Cefepime 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours <u>plus</u> Vancomycin 15mg/kg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours	Nonformulary – Meropenem 2g IV (over 30 minutes) every 8 hours <u>plus</u> Vancomycin 15mg/kg IV (over 1 hour) every 12 hours	N/A

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